RULES

AND

MOTIVES

TO

Holy Payer.

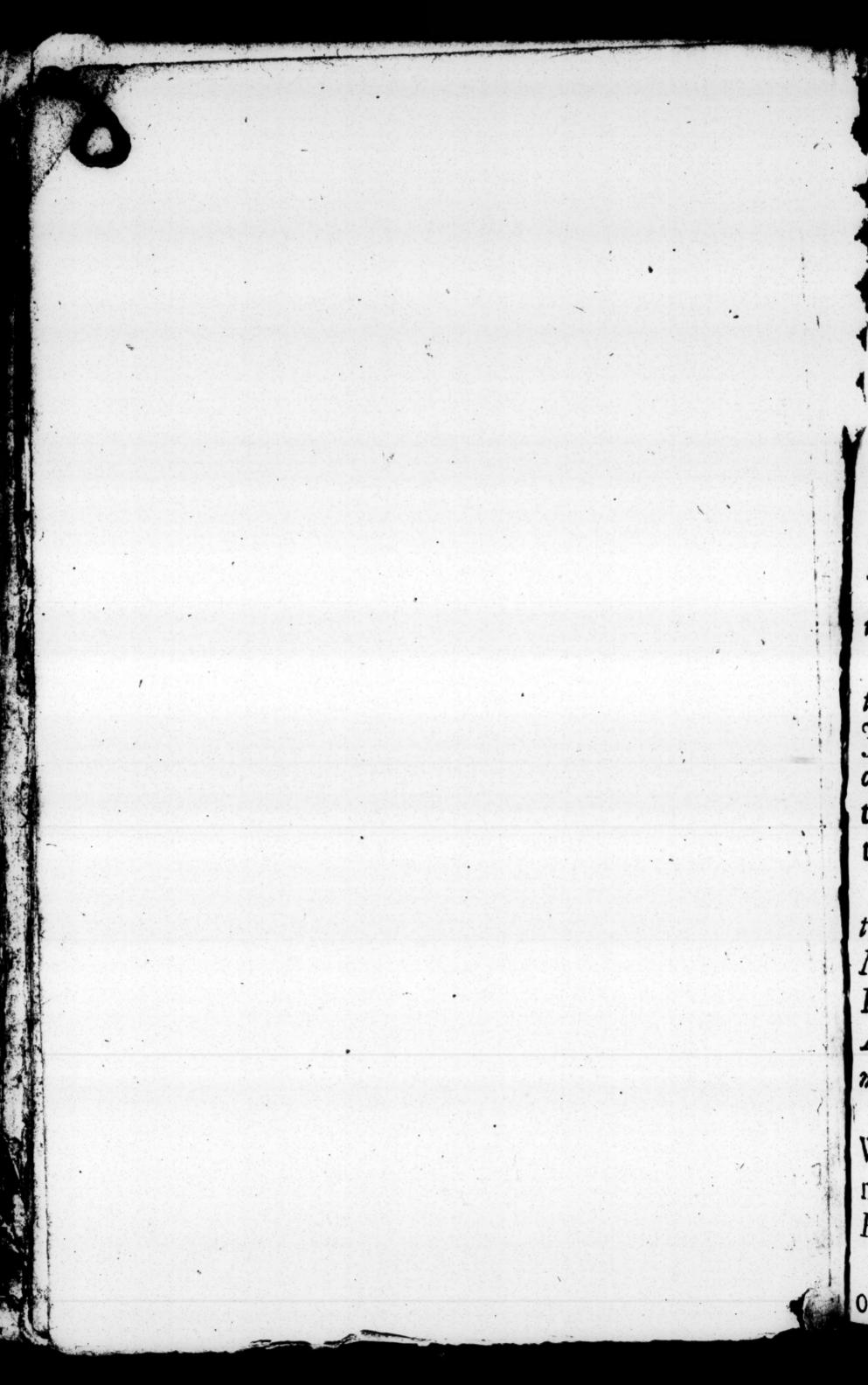
By DANIEL BURGESS.

Te ask and receive not, because ye ask amiss. Jam. 4. 3.

Thou castest off Fear, and restrainest Prayer before God. Job 15. 4.

LONDON,

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To the Flock of Charge under my Charge.

Orgive me this Wrong, dear Brethren; I am jealous over you: I fear the Spirit of Slumber gets ground of the Spirit of Prayer in us. And,

if so, what comes next?

Pastors become brutish! and what makes them so? They have not sought the Lord, fer. 10. 21. People do turn back, and what causeth their Apostacy? They have not sought the Lord, Zeph. 1. 6. Lord, give us both this Day our daily Spirit of Prayer. Amen.

Let this Book, or rather Index, pasthorow the Censures that fall on it, as well as it can. Not a Drop of Ink will I spend in its Defence. But, I will fill what room I have left with this Addition unto it. This Addition, of Memoirs much a-kin.

- 1. The Conception of Prayer is in the Will and Heart. Heb. 10. 22. Let us draw near with a true Heart. Like Hearts, like Prayers.
- 2. The Birth of Prayer is in Expression of the Heart's Desire. Psal. 62. 8. Pour

out your Heart before him. Expression is, by Words of Mind or Words of Mouth. In Sickness, our Eves, Hands, Tears, and all

things be so many Tongues.

3. The Matter of Prayer is such as is of Moment to us, and is warranted by God's Word. Of Moment; else we take God's Name in vain, Exod. 20.7. Warranted, else we forget, 1 John 5. 14. If we ask according to his Will, he heareth us. He would be out of the way that should petition the King to lend him a Pin, or give him a Licence to dam desideria licita, sunt ita levia, & Some lawful Desires are too light for holy Prayers; as those of winning, in a Game, wherein you are playing.

4. The Object of Prayer is God only None les is either worthy of the Honour, of able to impart Benefits to the Worshippen Mat. 4. 10. Him only shalt thou serve Not merely because he was a Devil; but, becc tause he was not God, our Saviour denied

worlbip Satan.

5. The Mediator thrô whom we mu pray to God is Jesus Christ only. Christ truly, John 16. 27. Ye shall ask man my Name. It is Christ only: 1 Tim. 2. M Christ truly, John 16. 27. Ye shall ask There is one God and one Mediator.

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Object. Christ is not mentioned in the Lord's Prayer. Solut. Not expresty; but, he is implicitly mentioned in all of it. 1. God is no gracious Father to us, but in Christ. 2. God's Name cannot be hallowed by us, but in and through Christ. 3. God's Kingdom cannot be served by us, but as it is in the Hand of Christ. 4. God's Will to be done by us, is nothing but the Law of Christ. 5. Our daily Bread, is only what's purchased for us by Christ. 6. The Forgiveness of our Sins, is impossible but by the Blood and through the Satisfaction of Christ. 7. Deliverance from Temptation, is as impossible but by the Spirit of Christ. 8. Kingdom, Power and Glory, there ascribed, are the Right of God to dispose of all things by Christ; bis All-sufficiency so to do by Christ; and the Revenue of Honour that must thence arise unto God through Christ.

6. The Subjects who are to pray are all Men. Pfal. 65.2. Unto thee shall all Flesh come. Babes, and Idiots, uncapacitated, are exempted. But, such as conceit themselves to have sinned the unpardonable Sin; and consequently, that they are not to pray, and that it is in vain for them to pray; they err and sin miserably. It being certain, that no Man can be sure that he hath sinned that unpardonable Sin. For smuch, as God hath not

given any Rule, by which we can judg of it:

[See Mr. Howe on that Subject.]

7. The grand Quality of an acceptable Prayer, is unfeigned Hatred of all Sin, and sincere Faith in our Saviour. Psal. 66. 18 If I regard Iniquity in my Heart, God will not hear my Prayer. Heb. 10. 22. Let us draw near with full Assurance of Faith, &.

8. Good Scholars in Christ's School may need, and will ask for Direction to pray It was after they had followed Christ a long time, that the Disciples came to him, saying

as Luke 11. 1. Lord, teach us to pray.

9. The Sorts of Prayer are various Ephes. 6. Praying withall Prayer, i. e. such den, short Ejaculatory. Isa. 33. 2. O Lord be gracious unto us. Closet-Prayer: Man 6.6. Enter thy Closet, shut thy Door, and pray. Family-Prayer; Josh. 24. 15. I and my House will serve the Lord. Publick Prayer; Zech. 8. 21. Come let us go speel dily to pray before the Lord: I will go also

10. The whole Scripture doth most use fully direct us to Prayer. 2 Tim. 3. 16. Al S Scripture is profitable for (all) Instruction It instructs for every Part of Prayer, for Matter, for Expression, for End, for Manna 1 and what not. Men are deficient in Prayer

thro' Ignorance of the Scripture.

11. The Lord's Prayer is the special Pattern and Example of Prayer. In it we are shewn how to preface and how to conclude our Desires: and also how to form and methodize them. To desire, as our chief End, that God's Name may be hallowed, his Kingdom advanced, and bis Will obeyed. And to desire, as but Means hereof, that we may have Maintenance of our Lives, the daily Pardon of our Sins, and daily Victory over our Temptations. Grotius is not the only Man who saith, Christ tied not his Disciples to the Use of its very Syllables. It is sure we may use them; and it is as plain we may pray after this manner, Mat. 6. 9. I know none but Hypocondriacks, or very Wasps, that vex one another about the Vse or Disuse of it. It was falsely reported, that Dr. Owen put on his Hat, when a Minister used it before him in Oxford. The Reverend Mr. H. H. took it up, and published it too hastily: this I know.

never to be forgotten. Rom. 8. 26. The Spirit helpeth our Infirmitics. Let Dogs bark ever so loudly, let not Saints neglect their Guide. The Holy Ghost it is, who by Regeneration makes us to live, John 3. 6. Who by Sanctification maketh us to move in the way of Life, as 2 Thess. 2. 13. Who, as the Spirit of Supplication, directeth our Requests,

quickneth our Desires, animateth to hope for the Grant of them, filleth us with condecent Reverence, and gives us to rejoice with trem-

bling, Pfal. 2. 11.

upon all Occasions, to express our Desires to God, in sound Speech that cannot be blamed. The Worth of it, and the Way to attain it, is shown by Dr. Wilkins: whose Words are to this Effect; "Two Extreams keep Men from this Gift. Their confining themselves unto

" set Forms; which it is lawful and conveni" ent for new Converts and weak Christians

" to do; tho Book-Prayer is, of it self, com-

"monly somewhat flat and dead; general and of not particular enough for every Occasion.

"And, nextly; their depending also upon sud-

" den Suggestions, as if it were a quenching

of the Spirit, to furnish us with Matter or

"Words before-hand. 'Tis true, when God calls Men to extraordinary Service, he ex-

" traordinarily assists them; but when Men

" may use Means, and do not use them, it's

their great Presumption. I beseech you,

avoid these Extreams.

our inward Affection in Prayer. When we pray with others, we must lift up Eyes and Hands, uncover our Heads, and kneel, or stand: otherwise, we tempt Men to think us irre-

irreverent; we shall grieve wise Men, and be an Occasion of Sin to weak ones; we shall give others an ill Example, and bring upon our selves an ill Report. In secret Prayer we must also remember, that the Gesture of the Body hath a good or bad Insluence on the Temper of the Soul; and that Soul and Body both are the Lord's.

15. In extraordinary Cases Prayer must have Fasting joined to it: Ezra 8. 21. Dan. 10. 3. This Fasting is somewhat more than Temperance. For, Temperance is an every day's Duty, and Fasting is not so, but an extraordinary one. Tet so different are the Constitutions of Bodies, that no certain Rule can be given unto all, for the measure of Abstinence.

16. Tho in Sickness and Disability to speak, without Pain and Injury to our Bodies, we may and ought to pray with no Words but inward ones, yet in Health we sin if we do so. For, God requires us to worship with Soul and Body also. And, he knows little of himself who knows not this, that our Mouths are great Helps to our Minds; and our Words do notably help to raise up and keep up our Affections. Now,

I commit you all to Divine Grace and Tuition: Hoping, that, as David, we shall be calling calling on God as long as we are able! And, that when we are not able to speak, we shall, as Moses, cry to the Lord, tho no Word be uttered: Psal. 116. 2. Exod. 14. 15.

Your Affectionate

Pastor and Orator,

January 1.

DANIEL BURGESS.

RULES

RULES for Prayer.

Raying is stiled Wrestling. Wrestlers have somewhat to do with themselves, both before, and in, and after their Wrestling. They who would be both facobs and Israels, both Wrestlers and Prevailers with God, they must thus do, before, in, and after, their Praying.

§ 1. Before Prayer you must,

R. 1. Think of its Parts. Of the seven Parts of it: saying within your selves, how shall I PRE-FACE my Speech to my heavenly Father? With what Names and Attributes of his shall I bespeak him? How shall I acknowledg my Unworthiness to speak to him? How shall I express my Encouragements to address unto him? and my Purpose, upon my Encouragements, to beg his Mercy and Grace? How shall I implore his Assistance and Acceptance?

How shall I CONFESS my Sine, Original and Actual? Sine against Law, and against Gospel. Their Multitude, their Greatness, their Long-conti-

nuance.

How shall I DEPRECATE, and beseech God to prevent the Evils I have deserved to have come upon me? Or, to remove the Evils which are come on me: At least, to lessen and mitigate my Sufferings.

How

How shall I PETITION, and sue for the Gift, for the Encrease, and for the Continuance of Spiri-

tual and of temporal good things?

How shall I INTERCEDE with my God, and ask Mercy for the World, for the Church, for the Land of my Nativity, for the King, for Magistrates, Ministers, and all Orders of Men: For the Children of Affliction; for my Relations, for my Benefactors, and for my Enemies also?

How shall I give THANKS and PRAISE to God for all his good and his great Works! His ordinary and his extraordinary Mercies, in things spiritual and in things temporal; how shall I number them,

and how shall I magnify them?

How also shall I CONCLUDE; and shut up my Prayer to God with Considerations, apt to express and to excite my Love unto him, and my Considence in him, through the Lord Jesus Christ?

This Discourse with your self, will help Judg-

ment, serve Memory, and quicken Affection.

R. 2. Set right its Ends. Aim at no more, or less, than Christ's Directory for Prayer teaches, Mat. 6. And have this in mind; that, Christians must, by no means, equally desire all that they desire in their Prayers.

God's Glory, they must desire both absolutely and ultimately; without any Conditions, and beyond

and above all things.

Grace and Glory, Holiness and Happiness for themselves, they must desire absolutely, but not ultimately. Absolutely, because God's Will of Precept, which is the Rule of our Acting, requires it. His Will of Purpose, as it is unknown to us, so it is the Rule of his Acting and not of ours. Nor

is it a Sin of ours, if our Desire be against that Will of his. But, ultimately, no Man may desire his own Benefit. God's Children must not desire their own Prosit, but in order to their Father's Praise. Else they set themselves above God; or make themselves equal unto him, who is the Chief Good and Last End.

After the first Grace given, all Means and Degrees of Grace must be desired most submissively; and not ultimately or absolutely. True, there is no Possibility, nor is it any Man's Duty, to submit and be content to be sinful and miserable for ever. But, it is surely possible, and most dutiful, to submit and consent, if God please, to be served with the poorest Means, and to be the least of the Saints, all days of ones Life. We are to learn, herewith to be content. Yea, for this, to be most thankful.

As for external temporal good things, these must be desired not only submissively, but very moderately. We must quietly leave it to God, whether he will bestow them on us or no; yea, and must not ever in our Hearts covet very much of them, or very much covet the Portion of them which we do desire. We must not cry for much, as the Sheel, Give, Give: Or, as Rachel, Give or we die. Sheep live on a short Pasture; and, if they are denied that it self, they do not roar like Bears.

Happy they, whose Desires are set holily on proper Objects, and in just Proportions! Blessed

are the People which are in such a Case!

R. 3. Watch against its Hindrances. A sound Believer is a Man given unto Prayer; Psal. 109. 4. And, usually Men do carefully guard that where-

to they are devoted. The Enemies of Prayer do exceed Number. As many as would pray without ceasing, must war without ceasing; and especially against these Rebels, scil. Security, and carnal Confidence; such as say they are Lords, do add, that they will no more come to God, Fer. 2. 31. To cast off Fear, is to restrain Prayer, 706 15. 4. Despondency and a legal Spirit; when it is come to that pass that we say there is no Hope, we quickly run Riot, and pour out what is most contrary to Prayer, Jer. 18. 12. There is no Hope, we will walk after our own Devices. The Spirit of Supplication is the Spirit of Adoption. In short, all Sin strikes at the Life of Prayer, as Prayer strikes at the Life of all Sin. And, of all Sins, your temperamental Sin, or the Sin of your Constitution, is the Beelzebub among them. Insomuch, that unless it be ever resisted; unless the Practice of it be abstained from, and the Affection of it be gradually mortified, Prayer is lost or spoiled. Plainly thus; either they will not pray, or not holily pray, who being Sanguine, shall not watch and strive against Levity and Sensuality. Who being Phlegmatick, shall not watch and strive against Sloth and Lukewarmness. Who being Melancholick, shall not watch and strive against Obstinacy, Sowrness and Revengefulness. Who being Cholerick, shall not watch and strive against Headiness, Violence and Contention. Who being in their Youth, shall not watch and strive against youthful Who being in the maturer Age of Manbood, shall not watch and strive against the Wifdom that is earthly, sensual and devilish; and as pernicious, tho less scandalous, than the Brutality of

Youth. Who being in old Age, shall not watch. and strive against Impatience, evil Suspitions, Querulousness, and the Root of Evil, Covetousness. Who being Magistrates, shall not watch and strive against Pride, and Avarice, and Injustice (their known Daughters). Who being Ministers, shall not watch and strive against an inanimate lifeless Formality in the Use of holy things; and against Extravagancy from them, to the Cares and Studies of fuch, as neither are holy, or make for Holiness. Who being in Prosperity, do not watch and strive against Ambition and Luxury. Who being in Adversity, do not watch and strive against Despondence and Impatience, and Envy at the Prosperous. Who being in ill Company, do not watch and strive against evil Compliances with them. Who being Husbands, do not watch and strive against Harshness; being Wives, do not watch and strive against Disrespectiveness; being Parents, do not watch and strive against Furiousness and Fondness; being Masters or Mistresses, do not watch and strive against all Abuses of their Power. Who being Children, do not watch and strive against Difaffection and Disobedience; being Servants, do not watch and strive against all Unfaithfulness.

There is an Antipathy between Praying and Sinning. Sin must drive out Prayer, if Prayer do

not drive out Sin.

R. 4. Beg the Holy Ghost's Aid. His Assistance is habitual and actual. There can be no Supplication, where he works not the Habit of Grace. He must kindle that Fire, before Prayer can slame. Yea, and having kindled it, he must also blow it up, before it will slame. We need his Motions,

for

for the Time, for the Matter, and for the Manner of Prayer. For the Time; we shall not say, Now we will seek God, if he say not, Seek ye now the Face of your God. For the Matter; we shall ask Stones and Scorpions, if he bid us not ask Bread and Fish. For the Manner; we shall pray with Arrogance, if he fill us not with Reverence; with District, if he give us not filial Confidence; with lifeless Words, if he put not into us lively Affections.

When Prayer is not in, or by the Holy Ghost, (whether be with a Book or without one) Gifts will outrun Graces, and Lusts will outrun both of them. Blow on my Garden, O Holy Spirit, and the Spices shall flow forth. Cleanse and quicken my

Heart by thy Inspirations.

R. 5. Search into your States and Conditions, i. e. examine frequently and feriously, whether of a Truth, you are spiritually alive or dead. If alive, whether you he thriving or decaying in spiritual Life? Doubts concerning these things do make us at a loss in all the Parts of Prayer, and do discourage us from it, and in it. For, what Heart can we have to address unto a King, while we know not but that his Soul abhors us; and we do forely fear that it doth so? In short, your Hearts be dark Labyrinths. Every Winding and Turning of it cannot, in haste, be discovered. All the Errors of your Ways will not be exactly known, after your severest Search. But, the babitual Frame of your Hearts, and the ordinary Course of your Lives, are not very hard to be found out, unless you will first be your own Flatterers, and thereby dispose your selves to be farther deceived by others.

others. By that said Frame and Course, you may judg of your State, whether it be of Grace and Peace; and of your Condition, whether it be rising or sinking. Wherefore, live you not content under your Clouds, and quiet in your Darkness; Retire from your Vanities; Descend into your selves; As under God's Eye, strain your Minds, with a Resolution to know the most that you can know of your selves. Require Conscience to give you its Verdict; and, as you certainly ought, be decided by your Conscience. If our Hearts (after strictest Search) condemn us not, (of any habitually indulged Sin) then have we Considence towards God, (we ought to be consident that God accepteth our Persons and our Prayers).

Self-ignorance is Water, Self-knowledg is Oil to the Flame of Prayer: Self-examination gives Light

and Life to Prayer and Supplication.

R.6. Make Conscience of Preparations. The Coals of habitual Grace, the not quenched by any gross Sin, will be cruelly deadned by our worldly Builness; or, by our over-doing it. And, as oft as we would have our Hearts hot enough to pray; we must blow those Coals. Sometimes more; sometimes less, but always more or less we must blow them. You think your selves more heavenly than the Man after God's Heart, if you dream that this is more than needs. He did need the Bellows, he fell to blowing, to get an holy Heat and sutable Temper for Worship. You also do want, and you were best to take up those spiritual Bellows before you offer up your Prayers: Saying as he, Bless the Lord, O my Soul! Praise him, O all that is within me! Bless him! Forget not thy own evil Duings, nor bis good ones! Rub thy Eyes, rouse up thy self, O my Soul! And persume the Breath thou prayest with. Cardinal Woolsey was accused of Treason, for coming into the King's Presence with stinking Breath. Come not thou with such into God's Presence!

They know what they do, who do give themselves a Lecture, as constantly as they do offer

God a Prayer!

R. 7. Take all Opportunities. You are commanded to pray always, that is, in all the Seasons of it, without Weariness or Dejection by any Discouragements. This got Jacob the Name of Prince. This gained the poor Canaanite an honourable Testimony from Christ; O Woman, great is thy Faith! This hath the Promise; In due Season we shall reap if we faint not. Wherefore, regard no Objections, but pray without ceasing. Obj. 1. Hath God purposed, and promised, to give us all good things, and do we need, nevertheless, to pray for them? Ans. Yes, for Christ himself was fain to pray for the things that were purposed for him, and promised to him. Psal. 2.6. Ask me, and I will give thee. God is a King, and will issue his Mercy in such way as shall be most for his Glory. The way of Prayer is such; because in Praying we give Worship, and we fetch Strength for Obedience. God is also a Father, and loveth, and pleaseth to show that he g loveth, to see his Childrens Faces, and hear their 1 Voices: And is known to tell them, when they A are negligent, that they have not, because they ask h not. Obj. 2. But we feel or fear Desertion; and can, or ought we then to pray? Answ. When God I hides his Face, our State is dark and dolesom, but m

not desperate. Wherefore, we may and must pray. What means that Command, Call upon me in the Day of Trouble? Psal. 50. 15. Obj 3. Yea, but we can make no Prayers but such as God must needs abbor. He can never delight in such polluted Pieces, as do even stink in our own Nostrils. Answ. This is often said, and rashly, for the most part. What followeth is certain Truth. Sins of Infirmity; opposed and lamented Sins, not indulged and cockered ones; these be less offensive to God, than they be unto Penitents. And whatever ill Scent they do give our Prayers, Christ's refining Mediation takes it away. Else, Elias his sinful Passions had spoiled his Prayers. Else, David's Failings in his Carriage before Achish, had made his Prayers at that time of less Effect. In short; otherwise, it were in vain for the most righteous Man on Earth, to call upon God. Obj. 4. But we fear our very Faith is unfound. Answ. You should be well ad-I vised of the Reason of that Fear, before you e vover-much indulge it. But, suppose the worst d you can, why must Prayer be given over? Dream e. you, that an unsound Believer may not pray? Doubty less, all Men are bound to pray. Heathens do er know, and teach so much. Dream you that Frayer p, u not an appointed Means of Grace for the Unregenese Frate? See Ezek. 36. 26, 27. A new Heart I will ne give: but for this will I be sought unto. See also ir Psal. 14. 4. God chargeth it as a Sin upon very Atheists, that they do not pray and seek unto uk him. Dream you that God did never give gracious nd Answers to an unregenerate Man's Prayers? For d shame, think better. Ephraim prayed, Turn thous ut me: and God answered, I will surely have Mercy.

upon him, Jer. 31. 18, 20. Wicked Jehoabaz be. fought the Lord, and the Lord heard him, 2 Kin 13.4. What are Christ's Words in Mat. 18 O thou wicked Servant, I forgave thee the Debt, b. cause thou prayedst me! Ishmael was heard in his Cry, Gen. 21. 17. In a word, leave not off bow. ing thy Knees to him whose Hands made and fashioned thee; and who never yet trampled onal Worm creeping towards him, with a Desire w be restored to his Image and Favour. Obj. 5. We should hold on Praying, if, to all our other Sing we had not added Backsliding. Answ. For what were God's Tenders of Grace to Backslider framed, filed, and recorded, do you think? 70, 3.22. Return ye backsliding Children, and I will but your Backstidings. Hos. 14.4. I will heal their Ban slidings, and love them freely, for mine Anger is turn (ed away.

What was Samuel's Word, is every true Chill stian's; God forbid that I should cease to pray! The are not themselves, if at any time they ask, Who should I pray, and wait for the Lord, any longer is Meditation and Prayer are Bread and Salt, there is

no living a Day without them.

S. 2. In Prayer you must,

R. 1. Be humble. For, you are Creatures, and any ones. And, the more God magnifies you the farther you should be from magnifying you selves. If they humble themselves, then hear and same 2 Chron. 7. 14.

R. 2. Be thankful. For, to be out of Hell, and it to be praying for Heaven, is Mercy that deserve L. Thanksgiving! Inevery thing give Thanks, I Thess.

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And, Let your Requests be made known with Thanksgiving, Phil. 4.

R. 3. Be faithful. For, this is the grand Condition of Prayer. What soever ye ask believing, ye Shall receive it, Mat. 21. 23. By Faith Abel offered a more excellent Sacrifice than Cain, Heb. 11. Without Faith in God's Nature, and Belief of his Perfections; without Faith in God's Son, and Relia) ance on his Merits and Mediation; without Faith in God's Promises, and Improvement of them unto our Encouragement; it's impossible to please God in our Prayers. The Prayer that availeth, is the Prayer of this threefold Faith: Jam. 5.

R. 4. Be sincere. For, without Sincerity, all Worship is but Lies and Deceit. Hos. 11. ult. It's the Prayer of the Upright that is God's Delight, Prov. 15.8. God is a Spirit; our Mediator with. God, is holy and undefiled; Wo is ours, if we draw not nigh with true Hearts, Heb. 10. Most Hypocrites are afraid; and all have Reason enough

fo to be!

R. 5. Be watchful. For, as we are bid to watch unto Prayer, Eph. 6. 18. and have Example given for watching after it; so we are commanded to watch in Prayer, Col. 4. 2. carefully to look to our Words, and to our Affections. As Men use to do, when they are speaking to their King, about no less a Matter than their Life.

R. 6. Be fervent. For, a cold Sacrifice is an Abomination. What is lukewarm, Christ will spue mout of his Mouth. Prayer effectual is fervent, Jam. 5. God is not sought in it, or not as God, if he be not sought with all the Heart and the Soul, Dest. 4. 20. unless we pant after him ia our Pray-

ers, as the hunted Hart pants after Waters. God is all Life, and will not brook Prayers that are lifeless.

R. 7. Be observant. Observe narrowly the Workings of your Hearts towards God, and the Workings of the Holy Ghost in your Hearts. If any where, here, that Counsel is good; Take beed to your Spirits. For, how should you other. wife know, whether you Pray or Babble? Wor. ship God, or Mock him? Unless you do all along your Prayer reflect, and mark, with what Awe you preface your Prayer! With what Contrition you make your Confessions! With what Self-abasement you deprecate deserved Evils. With what Fervor you put up your Petitions for good things! With what Compassion you make your Intercessions! With what Complacence you offer your Thanksgivings! With what Faith and Hope you conclude your Suit! We must take heed, that while we keep from the Pride of Merit by our Prayers, we do not go without the Comfort of Faith in them. It is a Fruit of Christ's Mediation, that we may ferve God without Fear, i. e. without flavish Fear. To be always anxious and solicitous, whether our Prayers be accepted with God or no, is the worst kind of Fear that we are liable unto. How can we more dishonour God, thank by judging, that when we do our best and utmost in his sincere Service, he is not pleased, and what we do is not accepted? This is to suppose him severe, angry, always displeased, ready to take Ad vantage, and one whom nothing will satisfy. Such Thoughts are the Marks of the wicked Servant, Luk, 19.20, 21, 22. See Dr. Owen on Heb. 6.7, 8. p. 70.

§. 3. After Prayer you must,

R. 1. Watch your Hearts. That you lose not presently the Change for the better, which was made by Prayer. When we come out of a hot Bath, we are very liable to take cold.

R. 2. Wait God's Answers. They who pray sincerely, do expect and look for their Answers diligently. As David; they, not only pray, but look up. They look up, and observe whether the

Bleffings that they ask do come down.

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R. 3. Look back on your Failings. The Failings of one Prayer make Matter of Confession in another. And of Humiliation, throughout our Life. Nor may we think that God will forget them, unless we do (to that effect) remember them.

R. 4. Humble your selves under God's Delays and Denials. God often delays, yea and often denies his Children, what they ask. Christ himself was denied one thing which he asked; the Cup might not pass away from him, tho an Angel was sent to comfort him. Wherefore, make not more of it than it deserves, if God denies what you crave. But, as there is Reason, still suspect some Fault in your selves. Maintain a godly Fealousy, of your having meritoriously procured your Denial, by some Miscarriage. However, dare not for your Lives, to charge God foolishly, with Untruth or Unkindness.

R. 5. Bless the Divine Grace for all your Grants and Hopes. You are far from Merit of all good Hopes or Enjoyments. It is by Grace, most rich and most free, that you have either.

R. 6. Rest not in your Prayers. Idle Beggars be odious Creatures: Not welcome to God's Doors. Hands, as well as Hearts, must be lift up unto God; Lam 3. 41. God will not all for them, whose Prayers do not quicken them to all for him. Prayer is so far from excusing all other Duty, that it binds us unto it. In every Prayer there is an implicit Vow, if not an express one, for it.

R. 7. Be holy between your Prayers. Live according to the Prayers you have put up; and live as those who have more to put up. Of all times, you are purest in your praying ones. Be it your Care to keep your Garments clean between those times. Having made such and such Prayers; and being anon to go petition the Lord again, Let us cleanse our selves from all Corruption of Flesh and Spirit.

MOTIVES to Prayer.

M. 1. THE Titles of it are moving. And would be forcive upon us, if they were familiar unto us. A few of them I give. Prayer is called,

1. An Offering to God; Zeph. 3. 10. And as under the Law, so now, Offerings are to be universally presented by all; by Rich and Poor. And, laboriously, none are to offer what costs them nothing. And, freely, Mens Hearts must stir them up, their Spirits must make them willing, Exod. 35. 21. Who dares rob God of his Offerings?

2. Pure Incense. Mal. 1.11. As of old the holy Incense was a Compound of rich Ingredients, so is Prayer of all heavenly Graces. As those Ingredients were beaten, and their Vertues setched out, so these Graces must be exerted and put in action. As they were also advisedly prepared and ordered, so must these Graces be deliberately excited. As that Incense was offered up in Fire on the Altar, so must Prayer be in holy Zeal, upon Jesus Christ, the spiritual true Altar. Then it is an Offering of sweet smelling Savour! And who would neglect it?

3. Coming to God. Jer. 2.31. We will come no more unto thee, is, we will pray no more unto thee. Praying is coming into God's special Presence. Omission of Prayer is called Forgetting of God, Jer. 2.32. And it is the Brand set upon Atheists,

Atheists, they call not upon God, Psal. 53. 1, 4. Who

would have this said of them?

4. Talking with God. Job 15. 4. Thou restrainest talking with God, so is the Original, which we well render, Thou restrainest Prayer. To neglect Praying, is to show the Lord that we have nothing to say to him. He is one that we desire not

to discourse with. And will you be such?

mrestled with God; and Wrestlers do close in and take hold of each other. The Prophet saith, that by bis Strength, that is, God's Strength, which is his rich Grace, Jacob had Power with God; prevailing Power: Hosea 12. 2. God giveth Strength unto them that wrestle with him. And, graciously yields them their holy Wills, when they agonize and strive in their Prayers. Read Isa. 27. 25. Let him take hold of my Strength, that he may make Peace with me, and he shall make Peace with me. What Heart doth not this move?

6. Visiting of God. 1sa. 26. 16. In Trouble they have visited thee. Visits are Fire, Fuel, and Bellows to Friendship. They kindle it, maintain it, and encrease it. We are weary of our Friends, when we withdraw our Feet from their House, even when we need and they invite. And God tells them who are seldom praying, that they are weary of him: Isa. 43. 22. He will also tell them one day, that having visited him so little, he knoweth them not, Mat. 7. 23. Know this Terror, O Reader!

7. Casting Care upon God: 1 Pet. 5. 7. This we are commanded to do, but how shall we do it? I can devise no way, but by Praying. In which me

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vent our Troubles, and ease our Hearts in Complaints to him. So that it is with us as with the Earth, when the Wind is let out, which being pent up in it, did shake and tear it; it is then still and quiet. Moreover, in Prayer we resign up all our Affairs to God, devolve all on him, put all into his Hand, willing that he do what he pleaseth, and resolving to be pleased therewith. By means whereof it comes to be with us as with a poor Man in a vexatious Suit at Law, who having to little purpose racked his Head to extricate himself, is at his Wits ends; and knowing not what to do better, goes and puts his whole Business into the Hand of an able and faithful Counsellor, resolving to acquiesce in whatever Issue he brings it unto; saying, Now my Mind is at rest, now I am at ease. And thus do I construe Phil. 4.6, 7. Be careful for nothing; (in the Original, distract your selves for nothing, or not at all) but in every thing, by Supplication and Prayer, with Thanksgiving, let your Requests be made known unto God. Let all the Children of Affliction get well acquainted with this Name of Prayer. It will be a Net to take them, and a Band to hold them unto Prayer.

8. Delighting in God: Psal. 37. 4. The Interrogation speaks this in Job 27. 10. Will the Hypocrite delight himself in the Almighty? will he always call upon God? Nature and Grace do make Children wondrously delight to look upon and speak unto their Fathers! Ubi Amor, ibi Oculus, atq; Os. Love is gone when Prayer is done. Life is lost when a Man is bereft of his Breath. Breath, which is not sweeter to any Man, than Prayer to a

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holy one; that is, as far as he is holy! Were it.

not for Prayer I could not live, saith one.

9. Making God our God. Psal. 62. 8. Trust in the Lord at all times, q. d. Make the true God, and no Idol, your God. And how? Pour out your Heart before bim: i. e. pray to him. For by Prayer it is, that we acknowledg his Right to dispose of us. And, show that we do take him for our Owner, Ruler and Benefactor. To take any thing, without asking his leave, is Theft and Robbery. And to use any thing, without the Paiment of Thanksgiving, is very Sacrilege and Blasphemy. He that prayeth not unto God, he carries it as if he thought himself to be God; his Person to be Soveraign; the Air that he breathes in, and the Earth that he treads on, and the Bread that he feeds on, and all that he uses or needs, to be his own. He entrenches upon God's Prerogative, and denieth his Godhead. This furely will pull us down upon our Knees.

Reducing the Mysteries of Godliness into Pra-Elice. So have some great Divines stiled Praying; and not amiss, but very agreeably to the Scriptures. In which Prayer is a hundred times put to signify all Religion. The Mysteries whereof are principally the Dostrine of the Trinity, and the Mediation of Christ Jesus. Both which are made use of in Prayer, and that in special manner. For as much as in Prayer we unriddle the Mystery of the Trinity, directing our Address unto the Father, as receiving it, through the Son as presenting it for us; by the Spirit, as first enditing it, and helping our Instrmities in putting it up. As Creatures we come to the Father the Fountain of our Beings,

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and of all Blessings: As guilty Creatures we dare not come immediately, but betake us unto the Son, by his Merit and Mediation to find us Acceptance. As impotent weak Creatures we cannot come unassistedly, but crave Help from the Holy Ghost, and depend on him for Assistance. And for Encouragement also; for we are at a loss, and know not what to think of it, whether Christ will tender our Suit, and be our kind Advocate, till the good Spirit hearten us, and give us the Boldness to trust him. Thus, through Christ, we have Access by the Spirit, unto the Father. Christ's Mediation was, we know, to bring us unto God. And, coming unto God by Jesus Christ, is the whole Duty of Man. But, wherein do we either really do so, or sensibly find that we do so come unto God, as in the Duty of Prayer? Wherein doth Christ so take us by the Hand, hide our Sins, present our Persons to God, procure our Acceptance, pour out his Benefits on us, as in Prayer?

Upright is God's Delight. It is as truly so, as the sinless Hallelujahs in Heaven are so. Our Saviour tells the Church in her imperfect State; Sweet is thy Voice, and thy Countenance is comely, Cant. 2.14. And, what? Is it not a dangerous thing to detain from Kings their Pleasure? What they delight to

receive, who is there but delights to give?

12. Profiting our Souls: Jam. 5. 16. It availeth much. It's profitable unto all things; yea, and Persons. How marvellous things hath it done? Beyond compare and without Number. I will instance in but one; it's killing of Dragons, spiritual Dragons, our cruel domineering Corrupti-

ons. The Prophet stileth Prayer a whispering, or softly speaking, as best Hebricians read the word, Isa. 26. 16. A word which they observe used, Fer. 8.17. for Charming. The whole Generation of the Just will all vouch for this, that they have found holy Prayer the best of spiritual Charms, for all the Suggestions of the old Serpent. The most powerful Means to bring both Temptations and Corruptions under Command: And to throw down the Heights and Heats of both. Sin is not our Grief or Fear, if this make us not to love Prayer.

M. 2. The common Reasons for Prayer are moving. They seem twice dead, whom these move not, sc.

Goodness; essential and communicative. Goodness in himself, and unto us. How do these invite us to be Supplicants! Bewitched are the starving Beggars that spare to knock at such a God's Doors, who is Love it self, and readier to give than any one is to ask.

2. Jesus Christ's Grace. It has cost him dear, to make us a way open unto Prayer: To gain us Leave and Encouragement to come to God for the Supply of every Want. What Monsters are we, if now we will not come? Madness to a Prodigy!

from Heaven, to help us send up Prayers unto Heaven! And how is he resisted, vexed, and grieved, by such as do virtually bid him be gone again? Telling him in Practice, they will not trouble him to endite many Prayers for them.

4. Our Necessities. This World is full of Want. Want is the Parent of Desire; and how mon-

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strous is Desire without Prayer? i. e. Conception without Birth?

5. Our Engagements. How obliged are we by Divine Precepts, Threats and Promises, by our own Vows, and what not, to pray without ceasing?

6. Our Graces. These qualify for Prayer; they excite to Prayer, they subsist not without Prayer.

7. Our Calling. We are Priests to God: and Prayers are Sacrifices. But what a Creature is a Priest without Sacrifice?

8. Our Enemies. These do not slumber or sleep. Satan, the Head of them, pleads against us Night and Day. What? and shall not we pray

and plead for our Souls, Night and Day?

9. Our Observations. Do we not see what be the Kingdoms, Families, Persons, that call not upon God! How vile they be, and miserable? How like to Hell, which were not Hell, if Prayer could be in it.

World, either bear again what we have endured for omitting Prayer? Or part with that which sometimes we have got by Prayer? No Fools are worse than those who are incorrigible by their very Experience.

to stand, not before mean Persons, but before Kings. But, is any King equal unto God? Is not Prayer a standing before him? Is there a higher

Honour on the Earth to be ambitioned?

12. Our Nature. Our natural Love of our selves, who perish without Prayer; of our Children, upon whom God threatens to visit our Iniquities.

quities, if we pray not; and of the Nation we live in; that is the better for our Prayer, and the

worse for our Neglect.

Prayer is the Trumpet which alarums Heaven and calls in God to our Help. Joshua's Swording but a Straw without Moses his Prayer. The Distriction, and Christ's Prayer led them into Temptation, and Christ's Prayer brought them out. He the most glorious Conqueror, did nothing with out Prayer. Prayer, which appears therefore most necessary for our Strength and Life: Prayer, which doth so exercise, encrease and evidence Grace Prayer, which like Jonathan's Bow, never return tempty. Prayer, which opens Heaven, and shur it: Strangleth Plots, vanquisheth Armies, break eth Prison doors, stoppeth the Sun, and drives it back; taketh hold of the Almighty, and there fore hath all things possible unto it.

That notable Miracles are done by it, is manifel to all that give themselves to Prayer; and as for others

they cannot deny it.

Sir, I grant all this to be true. But, alas, Unbelief is my Tertian, if not my Cotidian; my frequent, if not my every day's Obstruction, said none of the least reputed Christians among us And what would you have me to do, when I can find but little Faith, and no Fervency to prawith?

Judicious Bishop Wilkins hath answered sur P. Enquirers, in his plainly incomparable Treating of Prayer, p. 31, 32, 33, 34, 35. Him I shall so the low, and thus I would have thee to do; Go, it is Mouth with Arguments! His Petitions are more powerful, whose Arguments are most plentist P.

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And the Scripture furnisheth you with an abundance: an abundance of such as the Holy Ghost useth to make mighty, for strengthning Faith and Fervence. Of which sort are these Considerations of God, and these of our selves, which follow.

To hearten thy Confidence, that God will grant thy Prayer, and thereby kindle thy Zeal to pray, go aside, and think and say thus to thy self;

- plead as Moses; O Lord God, What God is there in Heaven or Earth, that can do according to thy Works, and according to thy Might? Deut. 3. And as Jeho-saphat; O Lord God of our Fathers, Art not thou God in Heaven? Rulest not thou over all the Kingdoms? And in thy Hand is there not Power and Might, so that none is able to withstand thee? 2 Chron. 20.
- 2. God's Wisdom encourages me; and I will go plead it. He is the only wise God, I Tim. 1. He is wonderful in Counsel, and excellent in working, Isa. 28. 29. God is mighty in Wisdom and Strength.
- 3. God's Justice encourages me; and I will go plead it. My Voice shalt thou hear, O Lord; for thou art not a God that hath Pleasure in Wickedness; neither shall Evil dwell with thee. Psal. 5.
- 4. God's Truth encourages me; and I will go plead it, as David; O Lord God, thou art God, and

thy Words be true, and thou hast promised this Good. ness to thy Servant; therefore now let it please thee to bless the House of thy Servant. 2 Sam. 7.

- 5. God's Mercy encourages me; and I will go plead it. Save me for thy Mercies Sake, Psal. 6, Look down from Heaven, from the Habitation of the Holiness and of thy Glory; where is thy Zeal and thy Strength, the sounding of thy Bowels and of thy Mer. cies towards me? are they restrained? Isa. 63.
- 6. God's Glory encourages me; and I will go plead it. What wilt thou do for thy great Name? Josh. 7. Do not abbor us, for thy Name's Sake; do not disgrace the Throne of thy Glory. Jer. 14.
- 7. God's Covenant with my self encourages me and I will go plead it. He hath made with me a everlasting Covenant, ordered in all things and sure 2 Sam. 23.5. Remember, break not thy Covenant with we, Jer. 14. Thou art my God (my Covenant God) from my Mother's Belly. Psal. 22.
- 8. God's Covenant with my Ancestors encourage 1 me; and I will go plead it. O Lord God of Israel Keep with thy Servant David my Father, that the promisedst him! Let the Word be verified which the Spakest unto him. 1 Kings 8.
 - 9. God's Command to pray encourages me; and will go plead it. Thou Sayett, Seek ye my Fach and my Heart answers, Thy Face, Lord, I will sen Pfal. 27.

10. God's Delight in Mercy encourages me; and I will go plead that also. Who is a God like unto thee, that pardoneth Iniquity, and passeth by Transgression? he retaineth not his Anger for ever, because he delighteth in Mercy. He will turn again, he will have Compassion. Mic. 7. 18, 19.

This being solemnly done, turn to consider thy self, and humbly say,

- I. My Relation to God encourages me to pray; and I will go plead it. O Lord, I am thy Servant, I am thy Servant, and the Son of thy Handmaid, Psal. 116. (I am thine by personal and parental Covenant.)
 - 2. My Sincerity encourages me; and I will go plead it. I am thine, save me, for I seek thy Precepts, Psal. 119. O Lord, I have walked before thee in Truth, 1sa. 38. 3.
 - 3. My Trust in God encourages me; and I will go plead it. Keep my Soul, and deliver me; let me not be ashamed, for in thee do I trust, Psal. 25.
 - 4. My Extremities encourage me; and I will go plead them. Let thy tender Mercies speedily prevent us, for we are brought very low, Psal. 79.8. Attend to my Cry, for I am brought very low, Psal. 142.
 - 5. My Resolution to give God the Glory of his Bonnty doth encourage me; and I will go plead it. Psal.

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80. 18. So will not we go back; quicken us, and we will call on thy Name.

- 6. My Experience of God's Readiness to grant Prayer doth eucourage me; and I will go plead that. In the Day when I cried, thou answeredst me, and strengthnedst me with Strength in my Soul. Psal. 138. 3.
- 7. My Experience of the Evil of restraining Pray. er encourages me to pray; and I will go plead that. While I kept Silence, my Bones waxed old through my roaring all the day long. Psal. 32.
- 8. My Observation of God's Kindness to others doth encourage me; and I will go plead it. Our Fathers trusted in thee, and thou didst deliver them: They cried unto thee, and were delivered. Psal. 22. They looked to him, and were lightned; their Faces were not ashamed. Psal. 34.
- 9. My Desire of having many quickned to Prayer, by the good Fruit of my Praying, doth encourage me; and I will go plead it. This shall be written for the Generations to come; and the People which shall be created shall praise the Name of the Lord. Arise, and have Mercy; so the Heathen shall fear the Name of the Lord, and all the Kings of the Earth thy Glory. Pial. 102.
- 10. My Remembrance of the Success which some have had in Prayer, even then, when, to their own Apprehensions, they could not pray, this doth encou-

pavid saith in his Prayer, Mine Iniquities have taken hold upon me, so that I am not able to look up. Yet he prays on, Be pleased, O Lord, to deliver me: O Lord, make haste to help me. Psal. 40. In another extraordinary Prayer, he prayeth God to open his Lips, i.e. to give him Ability to pray and praise. Psal. 51.

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Having thus done as for thy Life, remember these few Particulars:

Deadness of Heart is thy own Fault; and as such, it is bitterly to be bewailed. And Pardon of it, and Power against it, is, without ceasing, to be begged. But,

Deadness of Heart is also God's Chastisement, and an Evil which he inslicts on thee for foregoing Miscarriages: and as such, it is thy Duty to submit, and be content to be grieved and vexed with it, till he shall please to give the Joy of Victory over it. Knowing, for thy Comfort, that,

Deadness of Heart is but spiritual Sickness, and not Death, as long as it is felt, lamented and resisted. And, it is a good and holy Prayer, in which it is lamented, as well as that in which it is really and sensibly further conquered. Finally, this also know thou;

Deadness of Heart is not unfrequently a profitable Evil, a very beneficial Disease. It is so, when,

when, through God's Grace, what we want in degrees of Duty, we make up in degrees of Hu. mility. When we so improve our Failings, that the thinner we are of Fruit, the stronger we grow in the Root. Evangelical Humility, is no less than the Root of all Holiness. Better it is to be bumbled by sinful Insirmities, than to be puffed up with Holy Duries. He prays to God but vainly, who walks not with him humbly, whatever Seraphick Enlargements he hath in his Prayers. But, on the other hand, he is a Darling of God, (who takes the Will for the Deed in Duties, as well as in Sins) and his Leaf shall not wither, but whatever he doth shall prosper, who walks bumbly with his God, and prays bumbly to him. Altho in his Prayers his Speech faulters, his Thoughts find not their Feet to follow his Words; and his Spirit is so shackled, that the most he can do is but to shake his Chains and Fetters, and bewail his Straitnings, and cry (like a Prisoner through the Grates) for Enlargement by God's free Spirit, i. e. he who freeth Souls imprisoned, loosens their Bonds, and giveth Liberty.

Holy Heman, for a time, was distracted, Psal. 88. 15. Holy Asaph was so troubled that he could not speak, Psal. 77. 4. Holy David was so sunk in the Mire, that he was weary of his crying, Psal. 69. 2, 3. Holy Zachariah was (for his Unbelief) made dumb, and not able to speak, Luke 1. 20.

Think not thy self alone, therefore; but consider and do as hath been advised; waiting on him who hath said, that his Prisoners of Hope shall one day be all enlarged. And, that the Tongue of the Stammerers shall be ready to speak plainly, Isa. 32.4. Amen.

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